

Table S5. PCR cycling conditions used for the molecular identification and/or characterization of the parasitic intestinal protist.

Target organism	Locus	Temperature and time				No. cycles	Final extension	Reference
		Initial denaturation	Denaturation	Annealing	Extension			
<i>Giardia duodenalis</i>	<i>ssu</i> rRNA	95°C 15 min	95°C 15 s	60°C 1 min	72°C 30 s	45	–	[1]
	<i>gdh</i>	95°C 3 min	95°C 30 s	55°C 30 s	72°C 1 min	35	72°C 7 min	[2]
	<i>bg</i>	95°C 7 min	95°C 30 s	65/55°C 30 s	72°C 1 min	35	72°C 7 min	[3]
	<i>tpi</i>	94°C 5 min	94°C 45 s	50°C 45 s	72°C 1 min	35	72°C 10 min	[4]
<i>Entamoeba histolytica</i>	<i>ssu</i> rRNA	95°C 15 min	95°C 15 s	60°C 1 min	72°C 30 s	45	–	[5]
<i>Cryptosporidium</i> spp.	<i>ssu</i> rRNA	94°C 3 min	94°C 40 s	50°C 40 s	72°C 1 min	35	72°C 10 min	[6]
<i>Blastocystis</i> sp.	<i>ssu</i> rRNA	95°C 3 min	94°C 1 min	59°C 1 min	72°C 1 min	30	72°C 2 min	[7]
<i>Enterocytozoon bieneusi</i>	ITS	94°C 3 min	94°C 30 s	55/57°C 30 s	72°C 40 s	35	72°C 10 min	[8]

bg: β-giardin (*bg*); *gdh*: Glutamate dehydrogenase; ITS: Internal transcribed spacer; *gp60*: 60 kDa glycoprotein; *ssu* rRNA: Small subunit ribosomal RNA; *tpi*: Triose phosphate isomerase.

References

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