# nature portfolio

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## **Reporting Summary**

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our <u>Editorial Policies</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

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For	all st	atistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.
n/a	Cor	firmed
	$\boxtimes$	The exact sample size $(n)$ for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	$\boxtimes$	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
$\boxtimes$		The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided  Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
$\times$		A description of all covariates tested
$\times$		A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
$\boxtimes$		A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
$\boxtimes$		For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i> ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
$\boxtimes$		For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
$\times$		For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
$\times$		Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's $d$ , Pearson's $r$ ), indicating how they were calculated
	'	Our web collection on statistics for biologists contains articles on many of the points above.

#### Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection

Data collection for the Leicester data set was performed using the EPU software (ThermoFisher Scientific). Data collection for the CNIO data set was performed using the SerialEM software (https://bio3d.colorado.edu/SerialEM/). This information is indicated in Methods

Data analysis

For Data analysis the following standard software packages were used: RELION, CTFFIND4, cryoSPARC, DeepEMhancer, Phenix, COOT and UCSF Chimera. All these softwares are cited in the manuscript.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio guidelines for submitting code & software for further information

#### Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a <u>data availability statement</u>. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our policy

The cryoEM maps for the C16 – Ku complex generated in this study have been deposited in the Electron Microscopy Data Base (EMDB) under accession codes

		PDB) under accession codes 8AG3, 8AG4 and 8AG5 (https://www.rcsb.org/).		
Human rese	earch part	icipants		
		nvolving human research participants and Sex and Gender in Research.		
Reporting on sex	and gender	d gender  n/a		
Population characteristics n/a		n/a		
Recruitment n/a		n/a		
Ethics oversight n/a		n/a		
Note that full informa	ation on the app	roval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.		
Life sciences	ne below that	eporting is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection. Behavioural & social sciences		
		udy design		
Sample size		rticles of the C16 - Ku70/Ku80 complex were extracted from 13 216 cryoEM movies collected. Details can be found in		
Sample Size	· ·	/ Figure 2b and Supplementary Tables 1 and 2.		
Data exclusions		g bad particles and classifying to find the most homogeneous subsets, 3 subsets of 579,038 particles, 170,770 particles, and es respectivley were used for 3D image processing. Details can be found in Supplementary Figure 2b and Supplementary Table		
Replication	This does not a	apply to the cryoEM experiments described in this work		
Randomization	This does not a	apply to the cryoEM experiments described in this work		
Blinding	This does not a	apply to the cryoEM experiments described in this work		
We require informati system or method lis	ion from authors ited is relevant to	pecific materials, systems and methods about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.		
Materials & experimental systems  n/a   Involved in the study  Methods  n/a   Involved in the study				
Antibodies	,	ChIP-seq		
☐ Eukaryotic	Eukaryotic cell lines			
	Palaeontology and archaeology MRI-based neuroimaging			
Animals and other organisms  Clinical data				
Clinical da	Dual use research of concern			
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### Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about <u>cell lines and Sex and Gender in Research</u>

Cell line source(s)

Sf9 cells were used for recombinant expression of the human Ku70/ku80 heterodimer. Commercial Source: Gibco(TM)
(ThermoiFisher Scientific) (Reference number: 11496015)

Authentication The cell line was not authenticated.

Mycoplasma contamination The cell lines were not tested for mycoplasma contamination.

Commonly misidentified lines (See <u>ICLAC</u> register)

No commonly misidentified cell lines were used in the study.